JAMES F. LYND, Secretary.

Fair and warmer. & A Look Here

Is so convincing—it's an argument you cannot get around a proof of our superiority—that we can please you as no o other house can. EARLY SPRING LINES are ready for you. o

Top Coats, Hats, Shirts, Ties Boys' Clothes are comin' in a-flyin'.

See Our Window of Waists \$1.00 and \$1.25 Stars at 75c. 50-cent grades at 28 cents.

When Clothing Co.,

30 to40 North Pennsylvania Street.

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different things of Russia's feeling toward

America, and there are still some who say

deavoring to draw the United States into

the Chinese question. Time and the au-

thority of your own ambassador to St. Pet-

ersburg have proved the falsity of the first

proposition, and of the second it can be said

that Russia is not trying to draw the United

States into the Chinese question, but if the

cial interests, sees fit to seek a voice in de-

the first to welcome her, and to co-operate

in finding a just and satisfactory solution

Lord Beresford's Views.

LONDON, March 8.-Rear Admiral Lord

Charles Beresford, who has just completed

his well-known views of the subject of the

"open door" in China as being the only pos-

he said, it was impossible to estimate the

the whole of Africa from a commercial

point of view. The admiral also said that

there will be war unless the "open door"

American trade in China is progressing by

leaps and bounds, proportionately much

DONALDSON'S LAST DIVE

A CHAMPION JUMPER PROBABLY FA-

TALLY INJURED AT NEW YORK.

Leaped from a Platform 85 Feet High

Into a Tank, Fractured His Skull

and Crushed His Face.

NEW YORK, March 8 .- Thomas Donald-

son, of Bath Beach, L. I., known the world

Cornish has charge of the water sports

and it was he who this afternoon gave Don-

persons were present and saw the famous

slowly forward, make the plunge. He shot

straight downward, but it was plain before

lost control of his body. He struck the

of the garden, plunged into the water. The

man dived several times and finally Reeder

brought Donaldson to the surface. He was

apparently dead, with blood flowing from

on the head. Donaldson was carried to one

of the dressing rooms and attended by

several physicians. He was then removed

to the New York Hospital. He has a frac-

The surgeons at the hospital say that his

Witnesses of the accident say that as

which were wrapped about him became

Donaldson was forty-five years of age.

Just before making this dive he said he

intended to challenge Kearney T. Speedy,

Professor Donaldson, at an early hour this

(Thursday) morning, was still alive, but in

PORT ARTHUR SHIP CANAL.

Deep Waterway, Seven and a Half

Miles Long, Almost Completed.

PORT ARTHUR, Tex., March 8 .- The

Port Arthur ship canal will be practically

completed about the 20th inst., when it is

proposed to celebrate the event in a fitting

manner. The canal was designed and con-

structed by Mr. Robert Gilham, general

manager and chief engineer of the Kansas

City & Gulf Railway. Mr. E. P. Stillwell,

president of the Gulf Railway, first pro-

jected it and interested Mr. Goijen, jr., of

Amsterdam, Holland, a large foreign holder

of the road's securities. The plans prepared

by Mr. Gilham were approved by foreign en-

gineering experts and the work was begun

during the spring of 1896. The canal is de-

Pass to Port Arthur, the former having a

depth of twenty-five feet over the bar. The

dimensions are the same as those of the

Suez canal-183 feet wide and with a depth

of twenty-five feet. It is seven and a half

miles long. The excavations were made by

hydraulic dredges, the work involving the

dredging of 14,000,000 yards of clay, etc. Ex-

tensive ship basins, slips, docks, warehouses

and a large grain elevator are in course of

construction. Considerable export business

has already been done at Port Arthur and

steamship lines will be established. The

harbor is landlocked and an excellent one.

New Classification of Mail Matter.

tant change in the classification of mail mat-

ter will go into effect in about ten days'

time. The present fourth class, which fixes

the rate on closed parcels up to five pounds

in weight at 6 cents for four ounces, is abol-

ished and the present fifth class will become

the fourth. This decision has been reached

in order to avoid confusion and to bring

the Canadian classification into uniformity

with other countries in the Postal Union.

No such classification as the fourth, which

is being abolished, is recognized in other

Aristocratic Dogs on Show.

cratic dogs from all parts of the country

were on exhibition to-day at the opening

of the Mascoutah Kennel Club's annual

exhibition. The show will continue through-

out the week. Many Eastern owners are

in attendance, including Frank Gould, who

has Chantrel Prince, the pride of the Gould

kennel, entered in the St. Bernard class.

Among the other entries is the buildog

Tramp, the mascot of Roosevelt's Rough

CHICAGO, March 8 .- Over 1,000 aristo-

countries.

OTTAWA, Ontario, March 8 .- An imper-

when the canal is completed additional

signed to extend deep water from the Sabine

the champion high jumper of the world.

a critical condition.

faster than that of Great Britain.

sible policy of Great Britain. In so doing,

of its difficulties.'

nited States, to protect her vast commer-

ciding this important issue. Russia will be

that Russia has ulterior intentions in en-

Invalid Chairs Of all kinds and accessories for the sick room. Trusses made and properly adjusted. Store open every Saturday night. WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO., (New No. 127, 77 6, Illinois St., Indianapolis, Ind.

OFFERS AN APOLOGY

CHINA WILL TAKE BACK WHAT WAS SAID CONCERNING ITALY.

Declare San-Mun a Free Port, However, So as to Evade the Demand for Its Concession.

CHINESE OFFICIAL REMOVED

TAOTAL OF SHANGHAL DISMISSED ON DEMAND OF CONSULS.

The Tsung Li Yamen Warned by Britain Not to Repudiate a Railway Concession-tassini's Views.

PEKING, March 8 .- Sir Claude M. Mac-Donald, the British minister, has informed the officials of the Chinese Foreign Office that any attempt to repudiate the railroad contract will be regarded as a breach of faith meriting retributive measures. At the same time the minister recalled Lord Salisbury's assurances of support for China if over as a champion high diver, dove from another power attempted to force her to the roof of Madison-square Garden, a disrepudiate the contract.

sult the manner in which the Tsung Li | traveled for some years with Barnum & Yamen, or Chinese Foreign Office, has treat- Bailey, and has been the star attraction ed Italy's demands for a coaling station ! at the Sportsmen's show now running in the at San-Mun bay, and a rupture of diplomatic garden. He has been making two dives relations between Italy and China is proba- | daily. The tank is less than eight feet deep, protest against the British railroad loan in aldson did not have the success expected plaint against the Chinese and thus seek hemorrhages from the nose and ears, Harry compensation, territorial or otherwise.

ATTITUDE OF RUSSIA.

Chinese Question Discussed by Count Cassini, a Well-Informed Diplomat. WASHINGTON, March 8 .- Count Cassini the Russian ambassador here, who represented the Czar at Peking for several years,

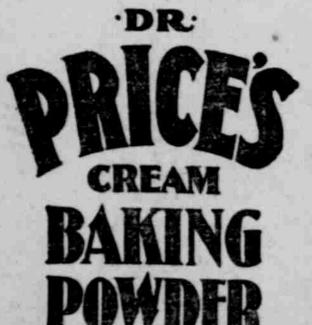
says, regarding the Chinese situation: "There are so many ways of viewing the 'open-door' proposal and so many inter-pretations to be placed upon it, that it is a delicate subject to discuss. I took issue with Lord Charles Beresford, and, I think, made my position plain. Now, a new aspect is presented and we are faced with proposition which Italy's action in China has made possible. Russia's attitude is not charged by this action. We have never opposed the open door, and, consequently, we can take no other attitude than that which has been officially announced from our Foreign Office many But we are wondering what our great neighbor to the west-the United States-will do in this matter. It would seem now that the United States will be | tured skull, with compression of the brain, forced by the necessities of the case to take and the left side of his face is crushed in. part in the deliberations of the nations concerning China's commercial existence. As in Russia, there are in the United States | death is a question of hours. interests at stake, a world in itself, where the wealth of a large part of the country

but there seems a similarity of interests to loose. His attention was diverted and he trance of her industrial and commercial de- | did not have his wits about him when he ent, and she will endeavor to shield struck the water. He weighed more than this development from all that might retard | two hundred pounds and struck with terrific it. We have vast countries just awakening from the lethargy of centuries, and becoming grain lands and pasture countries, and from the outlet of the Chinese sea we hope to enter the commercial world in the four quarters of the globe. With our Siberian railroad we shall carry to Europe the treasures of India and of China. The tea product alone will bring us an annual income of 40,000,000 roubles. Other staple products will yield a proportionate figure. Then it is hoped to extend our merchant marine across to your great Western countries and bring your over-abundance into Asia and

"For this reason Russia would welcome the United States as a factor in the councils of the nations that must of necessity govern the East. We have never, efficially or unofficially, protested against the American occupation of the Philippines. On the contrary, we have welcomed the United States in coming nearer to us, as one friend welcomes another. It has been the source of much gratification to me that Mr. Hitchcock, lately ambassador to St. Petersburg, has told the American people about the attitude of Russia before and since the Spanish war. It would be expected that Russia's ambassador here would say that nothing hostile has been done against your country by his own. His position would be otherwise untenable. But Mr. Hitchcock is a disinterested witness, and when he has so cordially and so eloquently reiterated what I have said to the American people for many months, I am, of course, deeply grateful, Russia maintains her old historic attitude toward this great nation. She was one of the first to aid the founders of this Repub-He, and she has been, throughout its growth, a sympathetic and sincere friend. During the civil war she did her part when its existence was threatened, and if, during the war which has just been fought, the United States needed the aid of Russia, it would have been given as freely and as fully as in

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

There have been many to assert very



Highest Honors, World's Fair Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

WOMEN AND CHILDREN BUTCHERED BY REVOLUTIONISTS.

Imperial Troops Defeated, Hundreds Killed and Their Bodies Permitted to Choke a River.

CRUELLY TORTURED

BELGIAN CATHOLIC SLOWLY MUR-DERED BY CHINESE THIEVES.

Frenchwoman's Attempt to Commit Suicide with a Hatpin After Receiving Sentence.

VICTORIA, B. C., March 8.-Details of China, received by the Empress of India, state that the rebel force and the imperial and the latter were defeated with great correspondent of the China Mail, the stream was like a log-jammed creek. After the defeat of the imperial troops the victorious rebels swept on to the cities of Ku-Yang and Meng-Shen, which they took after a short siege. As soon as they paseed the walls they massacred men, women and chilhis tour of the world in the interests of the | dren and performed all manner of revolting Associated Chambers of Commerce of Great | cruelties. They then burned the captured Britain, in an interview to-day reiterated towns. After these successes the rebels pushed on to Kau-Chou. The gates of the city were opened by sympathizers within, navy estimates will show an increase for and the horrors witnessed at previous capimportance of the Chinese market, a single | tures were re-enacted. Kau-Chou held out | last year's total, and will reach almost province of which, in his opinion, was worth | for some time. At length Niu and his followers gained an entrance to begin their slaughter. As a revenge for his having held policy is adhered to and he asserted that the city against the rebels, the unfortunate the like commandant of the garrison was butchered with savage cruelty. It is said 200 men, women and children fell in the struggle attending the capture of the city.

It is feared a great famine will follow the insurrection, for so terrified are the natives that the crops have all been left standing and will not be harvested.

ROME, March 8.-The Tribuna says it learns that the Chinese government has offered to send to the Italian minister. Signor Martino, a written apology through Sir Claude MacDonald, British minister at Peking, for the terms in which the Tsung Li Yaman couched China's refusal to grant | arrived at Yachof, Sze-Chuen district, after the concession recently demanded by Italy of San-Mun bay, province of Che-Kiang, to With a few Chinese companions, he has be used as an Italian naval base and coal-

LONDON, March 9 .- The Peking correspondent of the Times says the Chinese are discussing the advisability of making tance of eighty-five feet, this afternoon San-Mun an open port, so as to evade with probably fatal results. Donaldson Italy's demand for a concession.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Times says: "The viceroy of Nankin has informed the British, American and German consuls, who on Sunday declined to hold further negotiations with the Taotal of Shanghai regarding the question of the extension of the foreign settlements, that the Taotai, whose evasive and obstructive tactics were the ground of the consular complaint, has

Chinese papers git details of the murder and torture of a Roman Catholic priest near | ordered to fire upon any unauthorized per- | having for its fundamental principles self-Ichang. The priest was Father Victorian tured by thieves, who tied him up and fiend- Queen Marie Henriette has grown worse. ishly tortured him. One account says that as the priest hung from the tree to which state of his body fire was evidently applied to it and slugs were fired into the more vital parts. Finally his body was cut open from the chest to the bottom of the abdomen, disembowled and the various organs were taken out and eaten by these so-called semicivilized people, who at the same time drank his blood. He was also mutilated in a way that-cannot be described and his head cut off, there being a hole in the top of the skull large enough to put one's fist in.

LESSONS OF THE LATE WAR.

Vice Admiral Colomb Says American Strategy Was Hazardous. LONDON, March 8.-Vice Admiral Philip Howard Colomb, retired, lectured this afternoon on the lessons of the Spanish-Amerimpossibility of secrecy in warfare hereafter, owing to the vigilance of the press and the necessity for protecting cables in shallow water, he said he thought that if Spain had shown real comprehension of strategy, the United States would not have been so successful. The sure way for the pointed to represent Brazil on the arbitra-United States would have been for her to send a sufficient force to the coast of Spain in Spanish ports, and to send a squadron leader of the Socialist party in the Reichsto the Cape Verde islands the moment it was known a Spanish flotilla was assemb- ist, all of whom are now visiting in London. ling there. If, he added, the Island of Minorca had been seized as a base, nothing offensive on the other side of the Atlantic would have been attempted by Spain. The | for an increase of the peace footing of the lesson to be deduced was, according to the infantry and cavalry. The proceedings of lecturer, that the American strategy was the committee demonstrate the growing prehazardous, in so far as it departed from | dominance of the Centrists as the ruling the stereotyped rules of naval warfare. Ad- | party. miral Cervera's ships were lost sight of causing anxiety on the American coast, and obliging the Americans to keep considerable squadrons wholly in a defensive attitude, instead of maintaining command of the sea. It was clear, he added, that if there had been coal supplies at Santiago de Cuba, and if Admiral Cervera's squadron had been reasonably efficient, instead of a "miserable abortion," all it could have purposed to effect by entering Santiago might have been effected without any interference on the part of the United States navy. From the actions, between the Spanish forts and American ships, the speaker deduced the idea that very inefficient batteries were able to keep ships at a distance. Regarding the purely tactical questions involved, the admiral said it was plain Ad- in mine No. 1. All other mines of the Chocmiral Dewey took full advantage of the superiority of his guns and gunners and placed himself in so distant a position that neither the Spanish ships nor the Spanish batteries were able to adequately reply to his fire. The whole thing, continued the lecturer, "was terribly business-like on the American side, with a pathetic parade of quixotic gallantry on the other.' In conclusion, Admiral Colomb commented on the fact that all orders to the American ships were sent from Washington, which, he considered, was a momentous change in

DUE TO AN INFERNAL MACHINE.

Cause of the Powder Magazine Explosion Near Toulon.

PARIS, March 8,-Dispatches received here from Toulon to-day confirm the report received from there last night that twelve dynamite cartridges were found behind the Toulon arsenal yesterday and that an unidentified person fired a revolver at a sentry on duty at the arsenal. It appears that two shots were fired at the sentry before the Montely magazine at 7 o'clock last night. The guards were turned out and patrols the culprits were not discovered. The sentry says he saw six men running away. The magazine contained quantities of gunpowder, melinite and dynamite. It turns out that the twelve dynamite cartridges are of foreign manufacture, M. Lockroy, minister of marine, in an interview regarding the explosion last Sunday, intimates that the experts now have very little doubt that it CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 8.—The was due to foul play. He thinks it was Dayton Coal and Iron Company, owning

den in a powder keg.

WITH A HAT PIN. Madame Bianchini Attempts Suicide After Receiving Sentence.

PARIS, March 8 .- Madame Bianchini, wife and whose trial on the charge of attempting to poison her husband began on Monday last, was to-day sentenced to five years' penal servitude. As she was leaving the courtroom the prisoner made a futile attempt to commit suicide by stabbing herself

Her demeanor was smiling and nonchalant, even while the advocate general pressed home the proofs of her guilt and of the sordid and shameful character of her married life, and showed her motives to commit the crime in her vanity and love of pleasure and society. Her counsel made a strong appeal on her behalf, dwelling strongly on the conflicting medical testimony and upon the lack of motive. The public, having expected an acquittal, was taken completely by surprise by a verdict of "guilty, with exten-uating circumstances." Madame Bianchini protested her innocence.

The French and German Armies. PARIS, March 8 .- In the Chamber of Deputies to-day the debate on the army budget led to the usual references to the necessity for preparedness against Germany and to comparisons of the two armies. The members of the house, while complaining of the budget, which aggregates 875,000,000 francs, admitted the impossibility of retrenching, in the face of the necessity of meeting Germany's increases by corresponding additions The minister of war, M. Defreycinet, admitferior to the Germans, but he pointed out that it was impossible to remedy this, owing to the lack of population. The minister also expressed the belief that mere numbers above a certain point did not add to the effectiveness of the army, as the excess beyond that point could only act as reserves, conflict would be decided before the reserves could be employed. It is not necesary, therefore, the minister said, to be must meet quantity by quality. The rifles and guns of the French army were without their equals, and the country therefore might await the future with confidence.

British Navy Estimates.

LONDON, March 9.-The Times this morning says: "We understand that the the ensuing year of nearly £3,000,000 over £28,000,000. It is proposed to add between four thousand and five thousand men. The dargest share of the increased expenditure, however, is for ship building, repairs and

Commenting editorially upon the foregoing "rather startling statement," the Times | was greatly delayed by discussion of a res-Hicks-Beach (chancellor of the exchequer) will have an admirable opportunity to display his powers as a constructive financier, and we only hope he will rise to the occasion. But he positively must not seek to escape from his difficulties by a further increase in the already oppressive income

French Explorer Returns from Thibet SEATTLE, Wash., March 8 .- The news of the safety of M. Bonbin, the French explormany exciting experiences, and will make his way to the coast by the River Roun. traveled through the greater portion of Thibet and made a trip from the Siberian line to Ton-King.

Von Knorr's Resignation. LONDON, March 9 .- The Berlin corre-

the resignation of Admiral Von Knorr as commander-in-chief of the German navy, is a prelude to the reorganization of navai and state income tax would furnish effeccontrol. The post of commander-in-chief is | tive means of suppressing trusts. We relikely to be abolished and the control of the | quest the immediate passage of an income navy to be placed directly under Emperor | tax measure by the State Legislature." William and his naval cabinet."

The Belgian Queen's Condition. LONDON, March 9 .- The Brussels correpondent of the Daily Mail says the greatest secrecy is maintained as to the Queen's malady, and that the sentinels have been

the palace. Extra editions of the Brussels

evening papers assert that the condition of A Papal Nuncio Stricken. PARIS, March 8 .- The papal nuncio, M.

Cable Notes.

His condition is grave.

News has been received at Brest of the apsizing of a pleasure yacht off the Brittany coast, drowning nine persons, among them five French military officers. United States Ambassador Choate and Mrs. Choate were present at a reception given last evening by the Marchioness of Lansdowne, wife of the British secretary

of state for war. United States Ambassador White and Mrs. White attended the banquet given last evening by Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria to the members of the dip-

lomatic corps at Berlin. A dispatch to the Vienna Neue Freie Presse, from Belgrade, says that the Russian minister to Servia, M. V. W. Jadevski, has been recalled on the complaint that he

president of the Anti-Semite League The Brazilian government has accepted the proposal of Great Britain to submit the Guiana boundary dispute to arbitration. Joaquim Nabuco, former Brazilian secre-

A big gathering of Socialists at St. James Hall, London, last evening extended a The budget committee of the German Reichstag has adopted the proposals of the Centrists (the Clerical party), which meet the government half way in its demands

ENCOURAGING TO STRIKERS.

Situation in the Arkansas and Indian Territory Coal Fields.

FORT SMITH, Ark., March 8 .- The situation in the coal fields is very encouraging to the strikers. At Wilburton all nonunion men have been laid off by the Wilburton Coal Company and no further attempt is being made to take coal out there. At Hartshorne a few imported men are at work taw Company are idle. Strikers report that some of the guards at Hartshorne are frequently intoxicated and act menacingly towards the idle miners. Trouble from this source is apprehended. At Coalgate the Coalgate and Lehigh miners are entirely idle and everything is quiet. An agitation for a mass meeting of the men to consider the question of resuming work fell through and no meeting was held. There is some excitement at Howe and trouble is not unlikely there. The United Mine Workers' committee met Superintendent Needham, of the Babbitt mines, and attempted to effect a settlement. The superintendent refused to sign the scale and has notified the miners to vacate the company's houses. Deputy marshals and Indian police are guarding the mines. The trouble is expected when evictions begin. At a big mass meeting at Denning, Ark., sixty-two members were initiated into the miners' union and the meeting voted solidly to stand by the demands of the Fort Smith convention. Many of the strikers have left Spadra and gone to work on farms in the surrounding country. The Arkansas Anthracite Company has offered an increase, but the men have not yet accepted it. At Huntington everything is quiet and no work is being done.

Wages Increased. ZANESVILLE, O., March &-Notice has been posted at the Ohio Iron Company's plant announcing that all wages will be increased 10 per cent. on April 1. The increase affects about two hundred men. The plant was idle for five years, but resumed about a year ago and has all the work it can do.

possibly caused by some clock-work ar- and operating extensive mines and two rangement, provided with a detonator, hid- blast furnaces at Dayton, Tenn., will at blast furnaces at Dayton, Tenn., will at once advance the wages of its miners 7 per cent. Three hundred men are affected. The advance is due to the excellent condition of

the iron market. WHITINSVILLE, Mass., March 8 .- The Whitinsville cotton mill and the cotton mills at Linwood and Saundersville have announced an advance in wages to take place of the famous scenic artist of that name. April 3. About 1,000 operatives are affected.

> Strike of Puddlers. HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., March 8.-The puddlers at the Portage Iron Company's works, near Duncansville, went on strike to-day for an increase of wages from \$2.75 to \$3 a ton. Three hundred men are affected. It is said the company will grant the in-

FOR BRYAN AND SILVER

MICHIGAN DEMOCRATS WEDDED TO THE IDOLS OF 1896.

Chicago Platform Reaffirmed and ar Income Tax Urged as a Means of Suppressing Trusts.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., March 8.-Thomas E. Barkworth, a leading attorney of Jackson, was nominated this afternoon by the Democratic state convention for justice of the Supreme Court. He received 452 of the ted that the French effective army was in- | 772 delegates' votes cast on the first ballot, and it was made unanimous. The contest was wholly between Mr. Barkworth and ex-Justice Allan B. Morse, the four other candidates having withdrawn before the first ballot was completed. Prior to the conand he was convinced that the fate of a vention it was asserted, and denied, that Judge Morse's sympathies in the last presidential campaign were with the gold standclarmed about neighboring increases. France | ard Democracy, and this is believed to have affected the result. All the elements of silver fusion were well represented among the delegates and the nominations for regents of the State University were given to Edward F. Legendre, Dem., of Calumet, and Stanley E. Parkhill, Pop., of Owoso. Hon. Justin R. Whiting, of St. Claire, late fusionist candidate for Governor, was the temporary chairman. His address was a strongly put argument for free silver, an arraignment of Republican policies and condemnation of the encroachments of trusts

The report of the resolutions committee

"It is pretty clear that Sir Michael olution offered by Fred A. Baker, of Detroit, indorsing the Hill amendment to the Chicago platform to the effect that the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to should not apply to existing contracts. This amendment was presented to the convention as a minority report and was tabled. The resolutions as adopted reaffirm the Chicago platform, protest against retirement of treasury notes, denounce trusts, demand an income tax possible, favor equal taxation of all property in the State, declare for disposition of the colonies for the best interests of the people, protest against a large standing army, praise the service of the army and navy and congratulate the party on having the leadership of Colonel Bryan. The plank upon trusts says: "We believe the greatest menace at the present time to American civilization and to the industries and political liberty of the people consists in the growing tendency to place the business of the country in the hands of combinations and trusts; and we denounce the gold trust, money trust, sugar trust, oil trust, match trust, tobacco trust and every other trust having for its object the control of production and prices; and we submit as our candid opinion and deliberate judgment that a graduated federal The plank on expansion says: "We are in favor of making such disposition of territory brought into the possession or under the control of the United States in the war with Spain as shall best promote the interests and secure the welfare of the American people, and that to advance the cause of civil and religious freedom a government should be established in the islands son who attempts to enter the precincts of government for the people.

An Ineligible Mayor.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 8.-The Supreme Court to-day disposed of the Omaha mayoralty contest by dismissing the appeal on re-Clari, had an apoplectic fit this afternoon, hearing of Mayor Frank E. Moores, declaring him ineligible to hold the office. The court also finds that ex-Mayor Brootch, who brought the proceedings for a writ of ouster, also ineligible and his petition without standing in the court. Under the decision it now rests with the president of the Omaha City Council to begin proceedings to unseat Mayor Moore, but, as it is under-stood he is a partisan of the mayor, the latter will probably be allowed to serve his

Bryan Speaks to 6,000 Texans. AUSTIN, Tex., March 8.-Hon. William Jennings Bryan spoke in the Capitol tonight to both houses of the Texas Legislature and 6,000 people. His speech was along ing the further advocacy of silver and opposed to the creation of a large standing army and of the expansion theory. The entire discourse was listened to with rapt at-Francis De Pressense, foreign editor of tention by the audience, frequent applause the Temps and leader of the Dreyfusards, | punctuating it. He will hold a public recep-Service Institutions. After dealing with the | was condemned at Paris yesterday to pay | tion in the Capitol to-morrow morning and a fine of 500 francs and damages to the leave in the afternoon for his home. He amount of 3,000 francs for libeling M. Guerin, made this visit especially to talk to the Texas Legislature.

Col. Jack Chinn Attacks Bronson. LEXINGTON, Ky., March 8 .- The Democratic state convention has been called for Louisville, Ky., June 21, with county conventions to select delegates on June 17. Col. Jack Chinn publicly attacked ex-State Senator Charles Bronson to-day. A tragedy to balance the forces known to have been | hearty welcome to Wilhelm Liebknecht, | was narrowly averted by both being placed under bond. While both are prominent in tag; M. Jaures, the French Socialist leader, politics, the trouble was caused by a suit and Dr. Van der Velde, the Belgian Social- brought by Bronson against Chinn, and not factional differences.

SIX YEARS

Body Covered with Humor. Legs Down to Knees a Solid Scab. Five Doctors and Medical College Could not Cure. Father SPENT ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS

Trying to get Him Cured. Old Friend Suggested CUTICURA. Sleep and Rest on First Application. Now Completely Cured.

My son, when he was six weeks old, had a breaking out on the top of his head. It spread all over his head, and then his arms broke out from shoulder to wrist. Around his body and around his legs from his knees to his ankles, was a solid scab. My family doctor treated him for eighteen months, but no good was accomplished. I tried four more, and then a medical college in St. Louis six months. No good yet. Spent not less than a thousand dollars in money and time. Old Mr. Barney Clap insisted on my trying Cutt-CURA remedies, telling me he had a spell like my child's himself. By the time my wife had used the CUTICURA (ointment) up, he began to improve and got so he could eleep short naps, and gave me and wife some rest. Thank the Lord, he is well now, fat, hearty, and stout as any boy, after six long years of itching, crying, and worrying. CUTICURA remedies cured him. Sept. 14,'98. W. M. NICHELL, Lexington, Okl.

CUTICURA Begins with the Blood and Ends with The Skin and Scalp.

That is to say it purifies the blood and circulating fluids of HUMOR GREMS, and thus removes tuse, while warm baths with CUTICUEA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (cintment), greatest of emollient skin cures, cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales, allay itching, burning, and inflammation, soothe and heal. Thus are speedily, permanently, and economically cured the most torturing, disfiguring humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, when the best physiciahs and all other remedies fail.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DEEG AND CREM. CORP., Props., Boston. "All About Baby's Skin," free.

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE City Trust, Safe Deposit and Surety Co. of Philadelphia On the 31st Day of December, 1898.

CHAS. M. SWAIN, President.

It is located at No. 927-929 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania,

The amount of its capital paid up is..... 500,000 THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS: Debts for premiums, less unpaid commissions All other securities LIABILITIES. Amount interest accrued on deposits...... 17,160.00 Losses adjusted and due..... Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof 18,295.60 Total liabilities, including capital stock and net surplus\$2,897,413.18 State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State. I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE UNITED STATES BRANCH OF THE

the said original statement is now on file in this office.

above is a correct copy of the statement or the condition of the above-mentioned com-

pany on the 31st day of December, 1898, as shown by the original statement, and that

In testimony whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal [SEAL.] this 3d day of March, 1809. W. H. HART, Auditor of State.

Syea Fire and Life Ins. Co., Ltd, of Gothenburg, Sweden

On the 10th day of February, 1899.

Principal Office in United States, 29-31 Liberty Street, New York City. Resident Managers, Weed & Kennedy. Home Office, Gothenburg, Sweden, THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY IN THE U. S. ARE AS FOLLOWS:

per cent., secured as follows: Debts for premiums...... 80,537.97 All other securities..... Losses adjusted and due, losses adjusted and not due, losses anadjusted, losses in suspense, waiting for further proof, net \$40,323.59 All other claims against the company...... 37,545.89 Amount necessary to reinsure outstanding risks 236,353.08

State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State. I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above-mentioned company on the 10th day of February, 1899, as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on file in this office.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal [SEAL.] this 4th day of March, 1899.

W. H. HART, Auditor of State. COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

Sun Insurance Company

On the 31st day of December, 1898. It is located at No. 308 Camp street, New Orleans, La. FERGUS G. LEE, Secretary. THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS:

per schedule filed, book value..... LIABILITIES. Losses adjusted and not due.....\$20,913.00) Losses unadjusted Capital stock The greatest amount in any one risk, \$50,000,

I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above-mentioned company on the 31st day of December, 1898, as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on file in this office In testimony whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal [SEAL.] this 3d day of March, 1899 W. H. HART, Auditor of State.

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State.

PROVIDENT SAVINGS LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

On the 31st day of December, 1898. It is located at No. 346 Broad way, New York, N. Y. E. W. SCOTT, President. W. E. STEVENS, Secretary. The amount of its capital paid up is...... 100,900 THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS: Loans on bonds and mortgages of real estate, worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged, and free from and prior incumbrance Debts otherwise secured..... Debts for premiums..... All other securities 619,534.68 Losses adjusted and not due..... Loses unadjusted Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof 115,250.00 All other claims against the company..... Legal reserve 1,994,053.00

State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State. I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above-mentioned company on the 31st day of December, 1898, as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on file in this office. In testimony whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal [SEAL.] this 6th day of March, 1899.

W. H. HART, Auditor of State. W. H. HART, Auditor of State.

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

Lawyers' Surety Com'y of New York

On the 31st Day of December, 1898. It is located at Nos. 32, 34, 36 Liberty street, New York. JOEL B. ERHARDT, President. JOEL RATHBONE, Secretary,

The amount of its capital is......\$500,000 The amount of its capital paid up is...... 500,000 THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS: Cash on hand and in the hands of agents or other persons \$2,442.23 Bonds owned by the company, bearing interest at the rate of - per cent., as which the same is mortgaged, and free from and prior incumbrance..... Debts otherwise secured..... Debts for premiums...... 34,224.23 LIABILITIES. All other claims against the company...... \$2,678.98 Amount premium reserve..... 42,040,94 Total liabilities except capital stock..... \$44,719.92 Capital stock actually paid in cash...... 500 000 1 State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State. I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above-mentioned company on the 31st day of December, 1898, as shown by the original statement, and that

THE SUNDAY JOURNAL

In testimony whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal

W. H. HART, Auditor of State.

the said original statement is now on file in this office

(SEAL.) this 3d day of March, 1899.

By Mail, to Any Address,

Two Dollars Per Annum.